

Multiport suction breathing tube

Country of origin | United States of America

Primary function | Prevention

Category | Medical device

Commercial information

List price (USD): 18

Year of commercialization: 2019

Number of units distributed: 10,000-50,000

Currently marketed in: Globally

Brand: NeVap Inc

Model: Aspire Subglottic Suction Endotracheal Tube



Product description

The NeVap Aspire is the only suction breathing tube with a tissue spacer and 24 suction ports, which prevent tissue blockage and allow for effective, non-traumatic subglottic removal of pathogenic fluids that contribute to increased mechanical ventilation time, antibiotic use, ventilator-associated pneumonia, and mortality.

Product details

Facility requirements: Healthcare waste disposal facilities (medical waste), Gas supply (Oxygen and anesthetic gas), Source of Ventilation and suctioning, Dry and cool storage

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NOTE: Information reported by manufacturer before 17 December 2021

WHO ASSESSMENT

Clinical assessment

In many resource-limited settings, lower respiratory tract infections, along with COVID-19 and respiratory diseases, are a major source of morbidity and mortality, ranking among the top 10 causes of death in low- and lower-middle-income countries. The COVID-19 pandemic has heightened the global demand for high-quality, safe, and affordable medical equipment to treat patients with respiratory failure, particularly those who require mechanical ventilation. The NeVap Inc multi-port subglottic suction endotracheal tube may offer a suitable solution for enhanced secretion removal in mechanically ventilated patients with respiratory failure, provided that the healthcare workforce receives appropriate, relevant training in its clinical use. The device's use may result in a lower risk of ventilator-associated pneumonia and a shorter period of stay in the intensive care unit.


WHO specification comparison

The "Aspire multiport suction breathing tube" has been compared with the "Endotracheal tube, with cuff" WHO technical specifications currently available in WHO publications. This device complies with the WHO technical specifications mentioned.

compliance: An endotracheal tube designed to maintain an unobstructed upper airway in order to transport gases and vapors to and from the lungs during anaesthesia, resuscitation, and other situations in which the patient is not properly ventilated. The Endotracheal Tube is designed with anatomical Magill Curve, Murphy Eye, and radiopaque markings. It includes a Pilot Balloon and inflation tube, a Cuff Balloon, a standard 15mm connector, and a preloaded "stylet." The cuff is inflated with a small-bore inflation tube that is included. The material is PVC. There are various sizes and lengths available. The Endotracheal Tube is individually packaged and sterile.

Non-compliance: None

Regulatory assessment

 Pre-market assessment	 Proceed with caution
 Post-market assessment	 Proceed with caution
 Quality system assessment	 Proceed with caution

The product has obtained CE marking. The USA FDA 510(k) clearance is only for the tracheal tube and removal of secretions claim and not the pneumonia prevention claimed in the labeling provided. PMS report has no date and data collected was only in 2018; the report itself is not robust. The post-market documentation should be provided to complete the assessment of this device.

They need to explain their relationship with Omnimate; CE Mark for Production QA & MDD expired April 2021 & ISO 13485:2003

























expired Nov 2017; should have ISO 13485:2016.


Taiwan GMP certificate expired July 2019.

Animal study provided for COVID-19 claims; the report acknowledged that the suction at the end of the study was measuring higher than the original suction settings. This could be a patient safety issue and this was not discussed or justified in the report or with any corresponding risk analysis.

The 510(k) summary mentions several performance data reports but none were provided in this submission: ISO 5361:2016, ISO 5356_1:2015, ISO 10993:2018, IEC 62366_1:2015, ISO 14971:2019, Suction Patency Test, Fluid Recovery Rates determination, Suction_T Pull Test (Shear and Tensile Force) and Isolated Suction_T Material Pull Test.

Technology evidence assessment

Domains	Evidence assessment		
	Risk/benefit ratio	Impact	
 Medical			<p>This innovative device is used to remove accumulated subglottic secretion and pathogens. According to the documents submitted, its efficacy was demonstrated in randomized control trials as well as its effectiveness in up to 30,000 cases in three different countries and in low and middle-resource settings. Its use is simple, and because the device is integrated into the tube, no additional training on the process of endotracheal intubation is required. The device is only intended for single use. Even though the device has the potential to reduce healthcare costs, the price per unit in LMIC settings appears to be too high. This is an IP-protected product. There are no plans to produce on-site. However, given the medical benefits, a recommendation can be made.</p>
 Safety			
 Economy			
 Organizational			
 Legal			
 Social			
 Ethical			
 Green environment			

Summary	
Innovation 	Technology evidence assessment Recommended
Technology readiness level 9	

Health technology and engineering management

Domains	Appropriateness	Domains	Appropriateness	Target settings: Secondary & Tertiary level
Durability		Ease of cleaning		 Airway support tube for mechanically ventilated patients that incorporates delivery of breathing gas, trachea suctioning, and visualization in an innovative way. It is reasonably priced. Clinical use training is correctly required due to the tissue sensitivity to the placement of the tube edge and pressurizing balloon inside the airway. This disposable product does not require the use of engineering resources or product maintenance.
Ease of Use		Ease of maintenance		
Positive impact on clinical outcomes		Infrastructure requirements		
Affordability		Local access to sales support		
Engineering resources minimization		Local access to technical support		
Cultural and social acceptability		Local access to training		
Environmental conditions		Local access to spare parts		
Aesthetics		Locations of use within target setting		

Intellectual property and local production

Technology transferability		Intellectual property - It is patent-protected. To use this technology, authorization from the patent owner or the assignee is required.
Openly access intellectual property		Local production - For LMICs, the current product price is high and market demand is low. Currently, dedicated local production for only this product is not feasible. As demand grows, an existing LMIC manufacturer of the same product line can explore licensing options.
Local production		

WHO related guidance material

- WHO Global Health Estimates (the top 10 causes of death) - <https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/the-top-10-causes-of-death>
- WHO Coronavirus (COVID-19) Dashboard - <https://covid19.who.int/>
- Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) technical guidance: Patient management - <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/technical-guidance/patient-management>
- Living guidance for clinical management of COVID-19 - <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-2019-nCoV-clinical-2021-2>
- Therapeutics and COVID-19: living guideline - <https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/345356>
- WHO-ICRC Basic Emergency Care: approach to the acutely ill and injured - <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/basic-emergency-care-approach-to-the-acutely-ill-and-injured>
- Emergency Care - <https://www.who.int/emergencycare/systems/en/>
- Guidelines for essential trauma care - <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/guidelines-for-essential-trauma-care>
- Severe Acute Respiratory Infections Treatment Centre - <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/10665-331603>
- Nosocomial pneumonia: risk factors, rates and trends - <https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/117465>